

Math Camp — Day 5 Exercises

Worked Solutions

The matrices are

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 2 & 6 \\ 5 & 4 & 8 \\ 3 & 1 & 9 \end{pmatrix}_{3 \times 3}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 2 \\ 5 & 0 \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 2}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}_{3 \times 1},$$
$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}_{2 \times 1}, \quad E = (8 \quad 1 \quad 10)_{1 \times 3}, \quad F = (13 \quad 3)_{1 \times 2}.$$

Exercise 1 — Conformability and products

A product $M_{m \times n} N_{p \times q}$ is defined iff $n = p$; the result is $m \times q$.

a) AC : $(3 \times 3)(3 \times 1)$ — **defined**, 3×1 .

$$AC = \begin{pmatrix} 7(11) + 2(4) + 6(13) \\ 5(11) + 4(4) + 8(13) \\ 3(11) + 1(4) + 9(13) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 163 \\ 175 \\ 154 \end{pmatrix}.$$

b) BD : $(2 \times 2)(2 \times 1)$ — **defined**, 2×1 .

$$BD = \begin{pmatrix} 6(14) + 2(2) \\ 5(14) + 0(2) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 88 \\ 70 \end{pmatrix}.$$

c) EC : $(1 \times 3)(3 \times 1)$ — **defined**, 1×1 .

$$EC = (8(11) + 1(4) + 10(13)) = (222).$$

d) DF : $(2 \times 1)(1 \times 2)$ — **defined**, 2×2 .

$$DF = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} (13 \quad 3) = \begin{pmatrix} 182 & 42 \\ 26 & 6 \end{pmatrix}.$$

e) CA : $(3 \times 1)(3 \times 3)$ — **inner dims $1 \neq 3$: not defined**.

f) DE : $(2 \times 1)(1 \times 3)$ — **defined**, 2×3 .

$$DE = \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} (8 \quad 1 \quad 10) = \begin{pmatrix} 112 & 14 & 140 \\ 16 & 2 & 20 \end{pmatrix}.$$

g) DB : $(2 \times 1)(2 \times 2)$ — **inner dims $1 \neq 2$: not defined**.

h) CF : $(3 \times 1)(1 \times 2)$ — **defined, 3×2 .**

$$CF = \begin{pmatrix} 11 \\ 4 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix} (13 \quad 3) = \begin{pmatrix} 143 & 33 \\ 52 & 12 \\ 169 & 39 \end{pmatrix}.$$

i) EF : $(1 \times 3)(1 \times 2)$ — **inner dims $3 \neq 1$: not defined.**

Exercise 2 — Inverses

For a 2×2 matrix, $M^{-1} = \frac{1}{\det M} \begin{pmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{pmatrix}$ where $M = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$.

$A = \begin{pmatrix} 24 & 15 \\ 8 & 7 \end{pmatrix}$. $\det A = 24 \cdot 7 - 15 \cdot 8 = 168 - 120 = 48$, so

$$A^{-1} = \frac{1}{48} \begin{pmatrix} 7 & -15 \\ -8 & 24 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{7}{48} & -\frac{5}{16} \\ -\frac{1}{6} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}.$$

$B = \begin{pmatrix} 7 & 9 \\ 6 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$. $\det B = 7 \cdot 12 - 9 \cdot 6 = 84 - 54 = 30$, so

$$B^{-1} = \frac{1}{30} \begin{pmatrix} 12 & -9 \\ -6 & 7 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{2}{5} & -\frac{3}{10} \\ -\frac{1}{5} & \frac{7}{30} \end{pmatrix}.$$

Exercise 3 — Determinants

Cofactor expansion along the first row.

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & -1 \\ -1 & 8 & 3 \\ -1 & 3 & 12 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\det C = 0 \begin{vmatrix} 8 & 3 \\ 3 & 12 \end{vmatrix} - (-1) \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 12 \end{vmatrix} + (-1) \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 8 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 12 \end{vmatrix} = -12 + 3 = -9, \quad \begin{vmatrix} -1 & 8 \\ -1 & 3 \end{vmatrix} = -3 + 8 = 5,$$

$$\det C = 0 + (1)(-9) + (-1)(5) = -9 - 5 = -\mathbf{14}.$$

$$D = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -4 & -2 \\ -4 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\det D = 0 \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{vmatrix} - (-4) \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} + (-2) \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} -4 & 1 \\ -2 & 0 \end{vmatrix} = 0 + 2 = 2, \quad \begin{vmatrix} -4 & 0 \\ -2 & 1 \end{vmatrix} = -4 - 0 = -4,$$

$$\det D = 0 + (4)(2) + (-2)(-4) = 8 + 8 = \mathbf{16}.$$